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Tamil Nadu, Kerala may join hands to count endangered Nilgiri tahr

There are believed to be about 3,100 Nilgiri tahrs in the Western Ghats; T.N. hopes to carry out a census in November, and a synchronised census with Kerala in March-April, after calving season

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to carry out the exercise in difficult terrain, and the Department will seek technical support from institutions such as the Wildlife Institute of India (WII).

"Experts, with whom the Department had a consultation, have opined a synchronised survey is the need of the hour," said Ms. Sahu, who took the lead in launching Project Nilgiri Tahr.

Counting techniques

Senior forest officials and biologists from the two States, and the research team from Project Nilgiri Tahr recently held discussions with experts from WWF-India, the Nature Conservation Foundation, and the WII to formulate a scientific and accurate technique of population enumeration. Experts felt that bounded count and double-observer survey methods could be priority models. Camera traps could also be used in difficult terrains.

"The focus was to adopt a refined model from different methods that provide high accuracy and less variability in results," said M.A. Predit, coordinator for WWF-India's Nilgiri tahr conservation programme.

This November, Tamil Nadu is hoping to count the tahrs living in various habitats, including the Nilgiris hills; Siruvani hills; Anamalais, high ranges and Palani hills; Srivillipudur, Theni and Tirunelveli hills; and the Kalakad Mundanthurai Tiger Reserve and Ashambu hills. Among these, the Anamalai hills and the Nilgiris, mainly the Mukurthi National Park, are home to the highest number of the animals.

Tahrs unfazed by drones

The experts felt that Tamil Nadu can conduct an annual census each November, as well as an additional biennial synchronised census with Kerala, after the calving season.

"The Project Nilgiri Tahr team, during field visits, experimented with drones to observe tahr groups. Contrary to our perception, they were not disturbed by the drone flown around 100 metres above them," said S. Ramasubramanian, Conservator of Forests and Field Director of the Anamalai Tiger Reserve, which is the second biggest habitat of the animal after the Eravikulam National Park in Kerala.

Habitat threat

Officials hope that the exercise will help the Project Nilgiri Tahr team to understand the dynamics of population density of the ungulate spread across the different landscapes, and its range of habitats.

Besides anthropogenic pressures, Nilgiri tahr habitats face threats in the form of the spread of invasive plants such as wattles, pines, and eucalyptus in the grasslands. A component of the Project Nilgiri Tahrs aims to study the possible causes of the lumpy skin disease that has been observed in the animal, and suggest a remedy for it.

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